

# What is the overlap between criminal justice and cybercrime? How does this overlap relate to the other disciplines discussed in this class?

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## Details

Cyber crimes are any action that one takes to break the law through cyber related behaviors; these behaviors are determined to be wrong by the society in which they occur, with no regard to actual legality of the action. The overlap between criminal justice and cyber security occurs when a traditional crime is committed through a platform that uses technology. A few types of traditional crimes that can be committed using technology include: fraud, embezzlement, and bullying; however, because of the medium used, crime has evolved and now includes: distributed denial of service attacks and unauthorized access to networks.

In order to combat cyber crimes, our society has developed cyber law; these laws regulate how individuals utilize cyber technology based on social acceptance. Encompassing the scope of traditional crimes, cyber law deters fraud, embezzlement, and bullying. Hacking laws are put into play as a consequence to fraudulent activity, property laws protect against theft and embezzlement, and persons laws defend people from cyber bullying.

There are multiple disciplines that address hacking. Business disciplines are going to be concerned with the risk of hackers, because they must find way to effectively protect their assets. Philosophy must focus on the differentiation between ethical and unethical hacking and where the line in the sand is drawn between the two. Engineers get to have fun with taking on hacking, in my opinion, because they must develop the physical boundaries that protect a organization's network from hackers; this discipline must understand how a hacker thinks and operates in order to develop an adequate means of protection.

# References

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